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Project Concept



The project was split into two distinct phases:

- Phase I
 Involving 20 companies, members of
 Mobinov 2023
- Phase II
 Involving 10 companies, members of Mobinov - 2024

Different Phases of the Project





5. Roll-out and expansion

Start of the process of implementing different decarbonization initiatives and extending them to other companies that make up the national automotive sector

4. Communication and Training

communication plan across the entire project, aimed at training the sector on this topic and disseminating and promoting best sustainability practices

3. Decarbonization Roadmap

Development of a sector

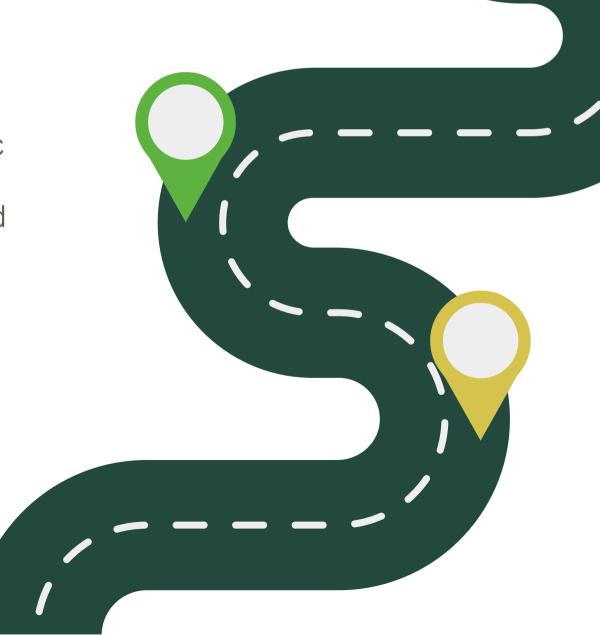
decarbonization plan with specific
 initiatives, targets and
implementation roadmap adjusted
 to the sector's reality

2. Carbon Footprint

Quantifying greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions from 30 companies/sites representing the national automotive sector using a cradle-to-gate + distribution approach.

1. Context Analysis

Characterization of the sector's main value chain, assessment of the main national and international drivers and development of a benchmark analysis





Macro Targets Definition for decarbonization targets for different temporal horizons

Development of specific initiatives for reducing emissions and adapting to climate change across value chains

Creation of an implementation roadmap with defined temporal horizons, identifying main risks and opportunities.

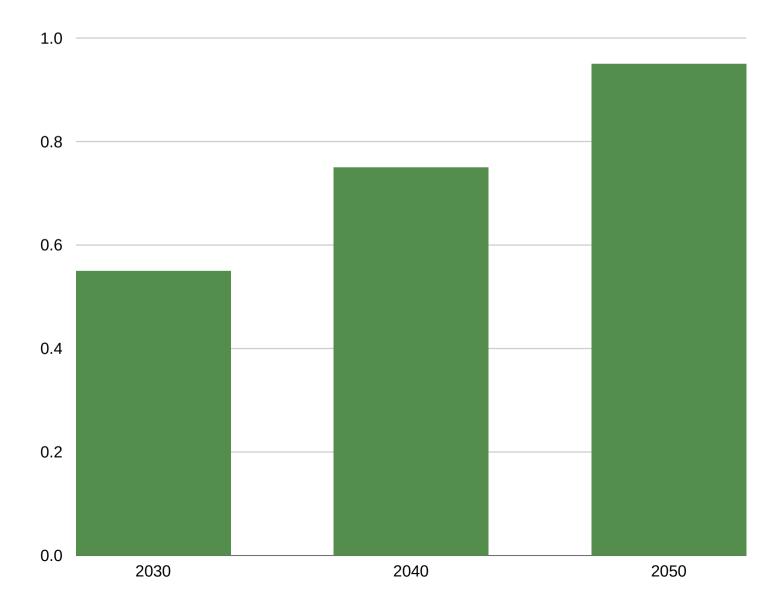




Results from the 1st Phase

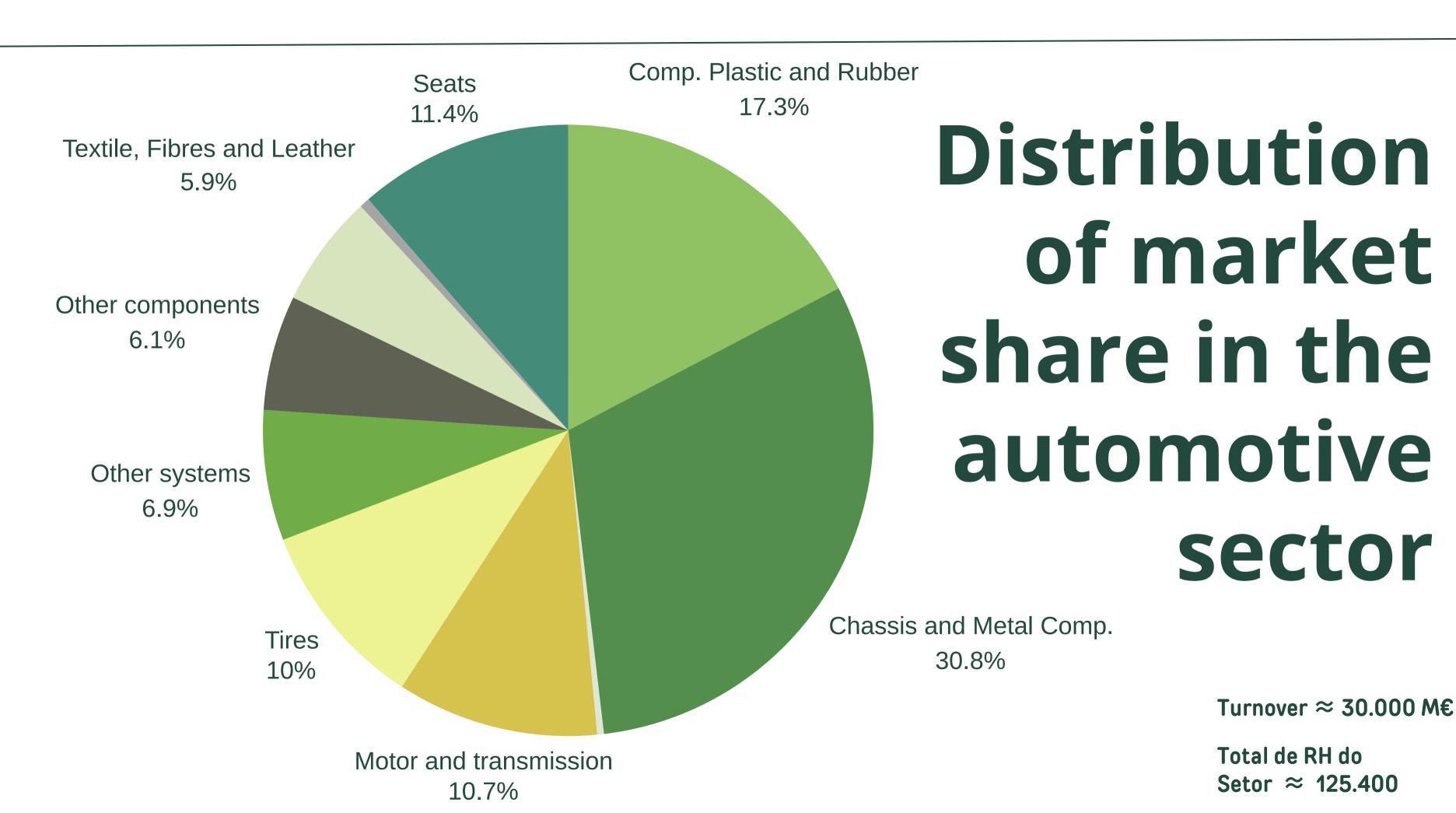


Portugal must achieve carbon neutrality by 2050, which may be brought forward to 2045.



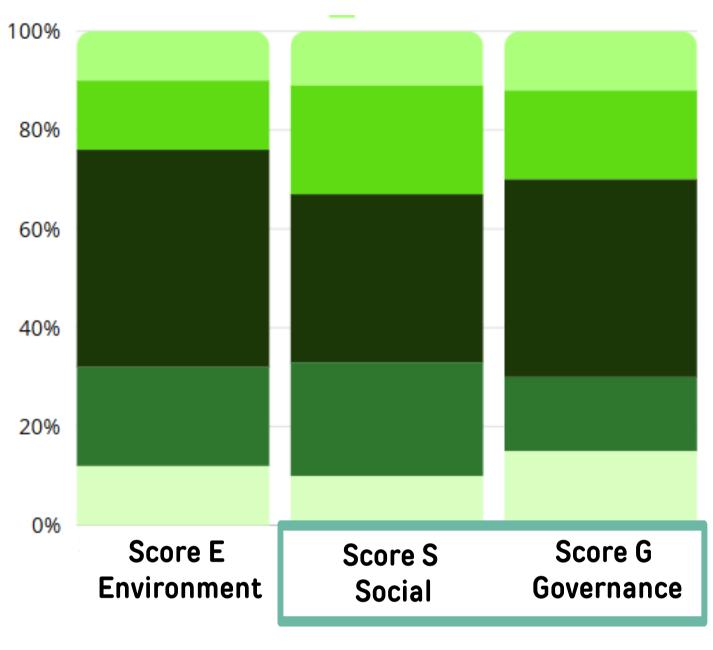
Portuguese Carbon Neutrality Roadmap

Source: Roteiros para a Descarbonização no Setor Automóvel | KPMG, Mobinov 2023



Source: Compete Mobinov_Caracterização do Cluster da Indústria Automóvel em Portugal, 2020

100% Score ESG 80% of Portuguese 60% Companies 40% **High Average** 22% 20% Medium 38% 0% Score E 237.000 **Environment** High Companies 9% **Minimum** 10% Reduced 21%



Areas where Portuguese companies are more advanced

Note: Score ESG date de Dez/2023 with financial Data referring to 2022 | Source: Score ESG Informa

Scope Anaysis

Production Process

Product Innovation

Transportation

Power Generation

Raw-Material

48% Fluorinated Gases

44% Factory Fuel

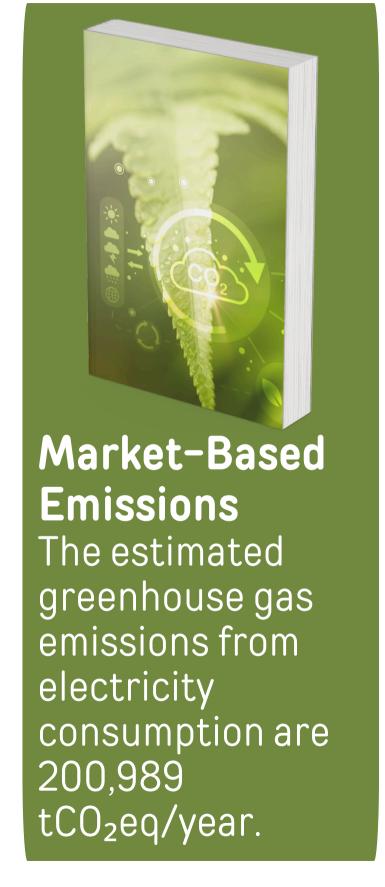
8% Fleet Fuel Scope 1 emissions in the national automotive sector are essentially centered on three large groups: fleet fuel, factory fuel and fluoridade gases

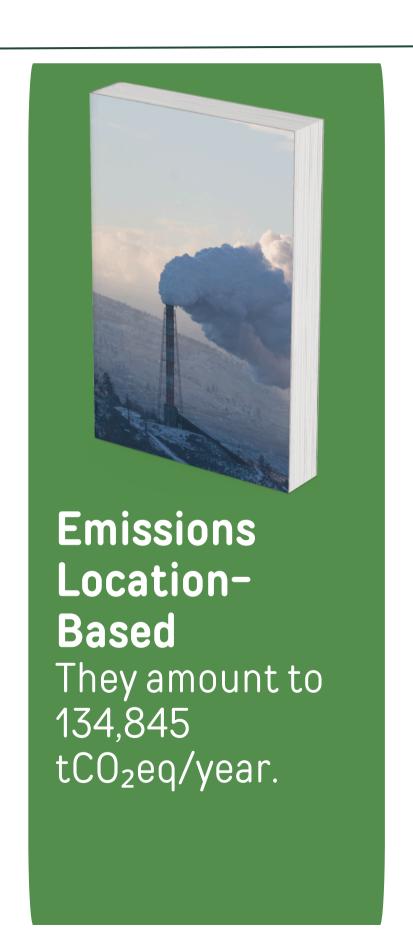


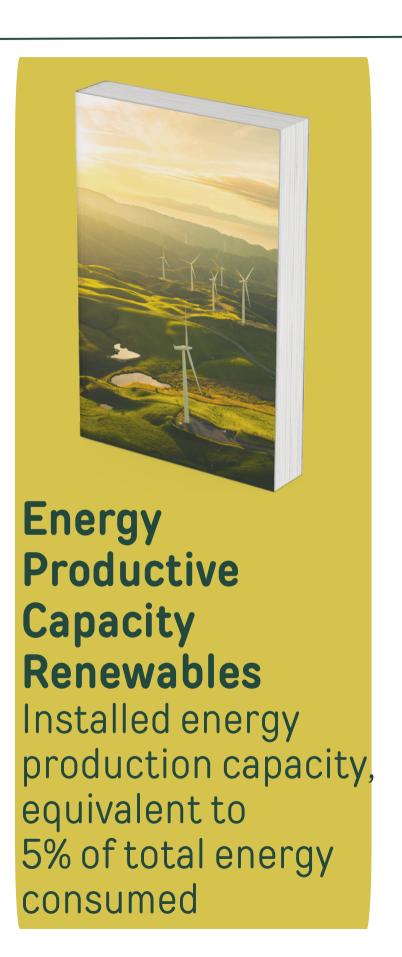






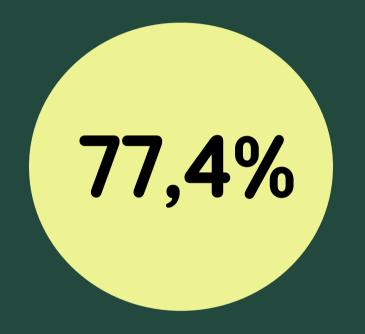




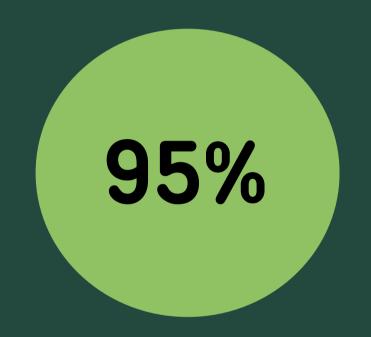








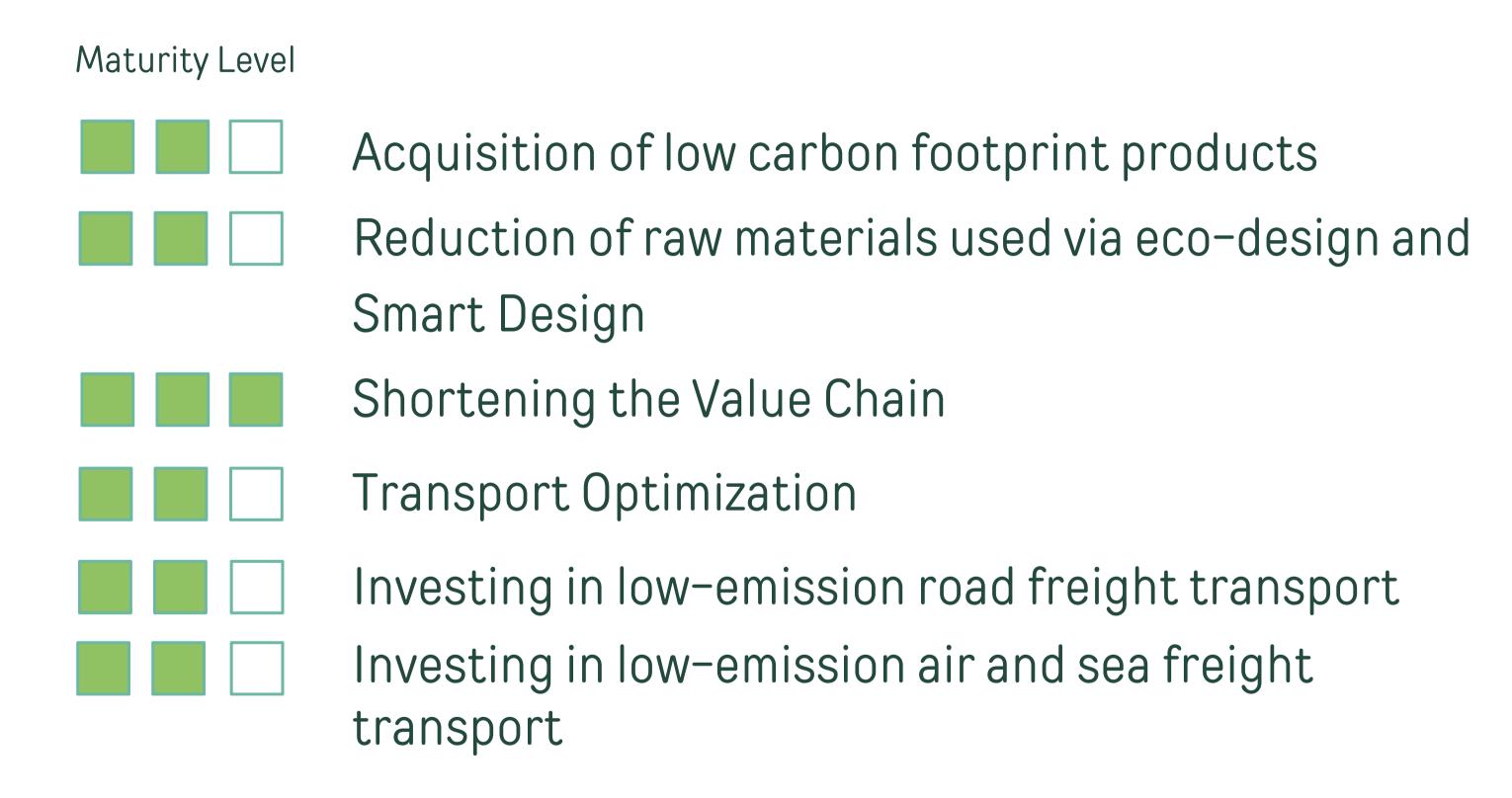
Average weight of Scope 3 in the portuguese automotive sector



Average weight of Scope 3 in the miscellaneous systems and other components subsector



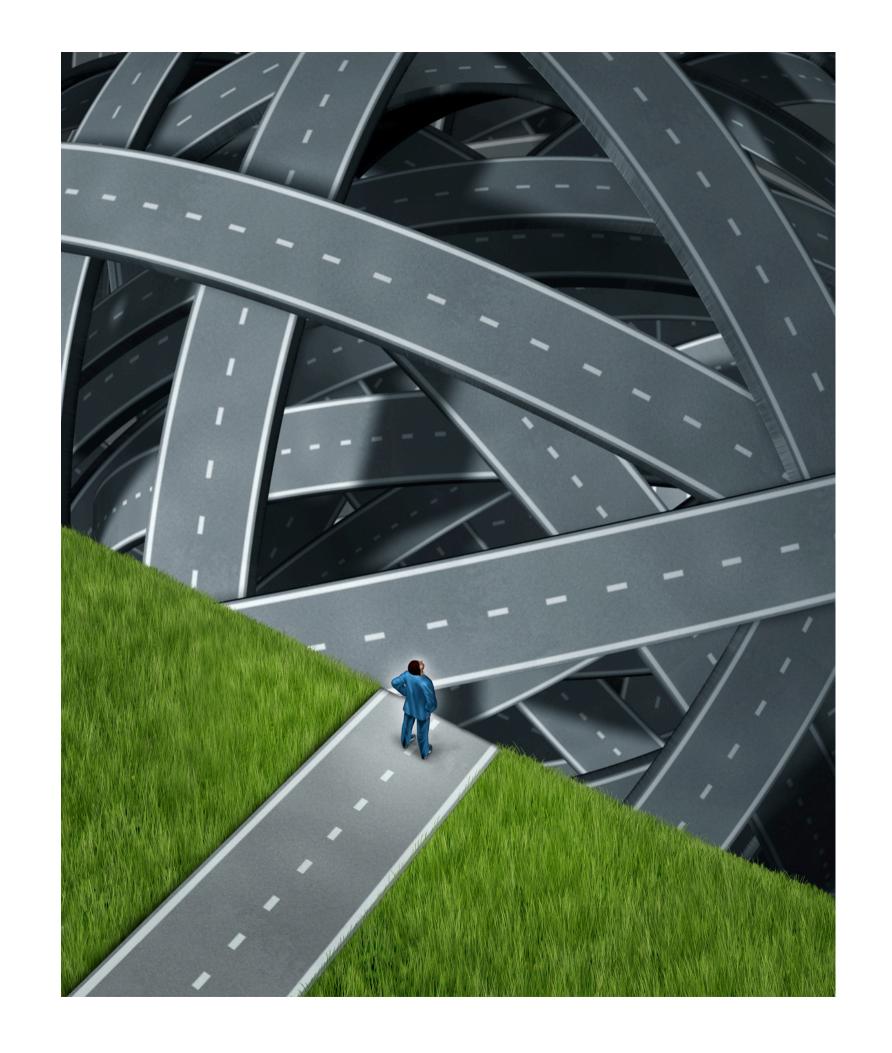
Total emissions associated with Scope 3 in the national automotive sector



Having analyzed a wide variety of goods, raw materials, and services acquired by companies, these results reinforce the importance of acting at the level of the respective value chains, prioritizing and valuing suppliers that offer products and services with lower GHG emissions.



Ongoing Challenges



There is a global pressure at multiple levels to achieve carbon neutrality.











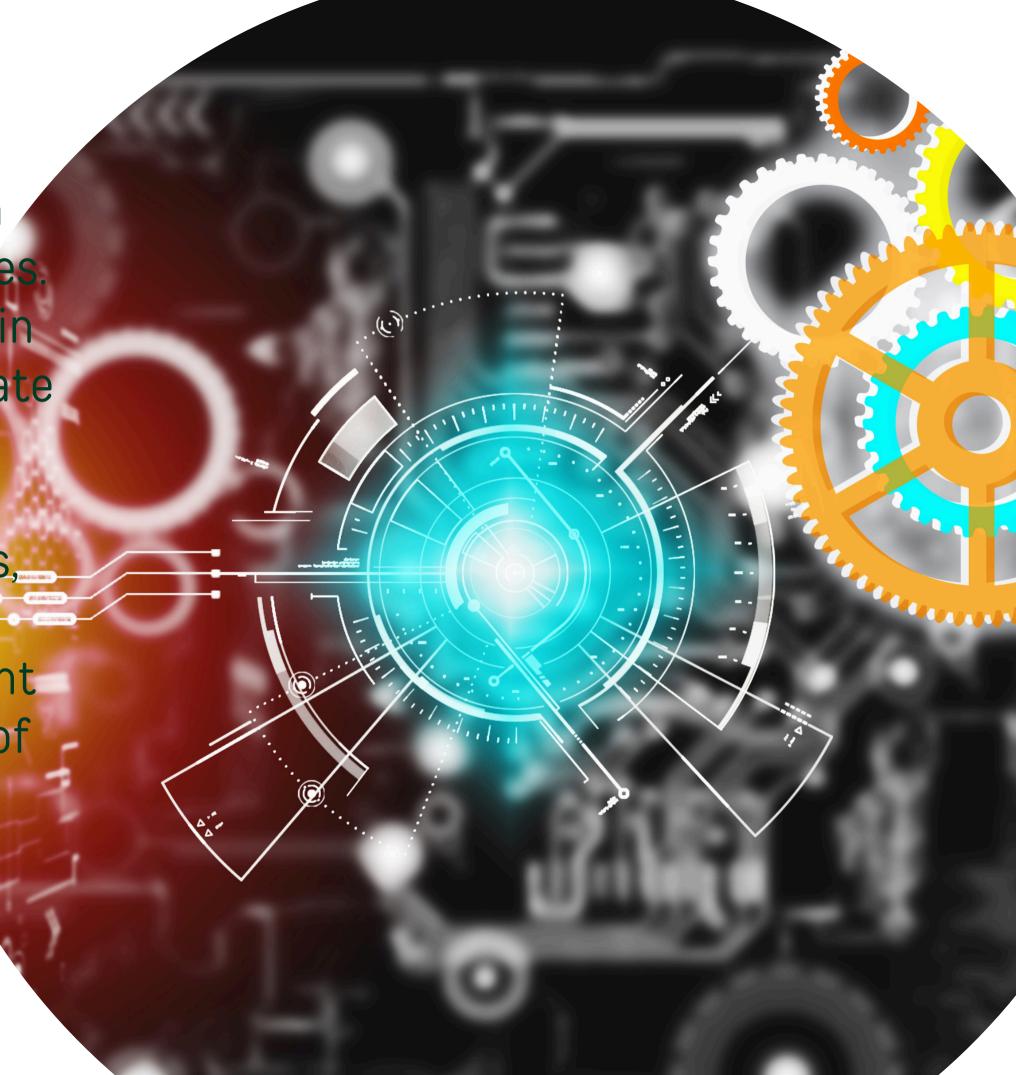
Innovations and Trends Driving Renewable Energies

 Al-powered solar energy production systems with modular panels on facades.

2. Development of Energy Communities in line with the National Energy and Climate Plan (PNEC) 2030.

 Development of new energy storage systems such as solid-state batteries, sodium-ion, and carbon dioxide.

4. Integrated and intelligent management solutions for electrical consumption of infrastructures using Al-based predictive models.





Examples of Other Low Carbon Footprint Materials

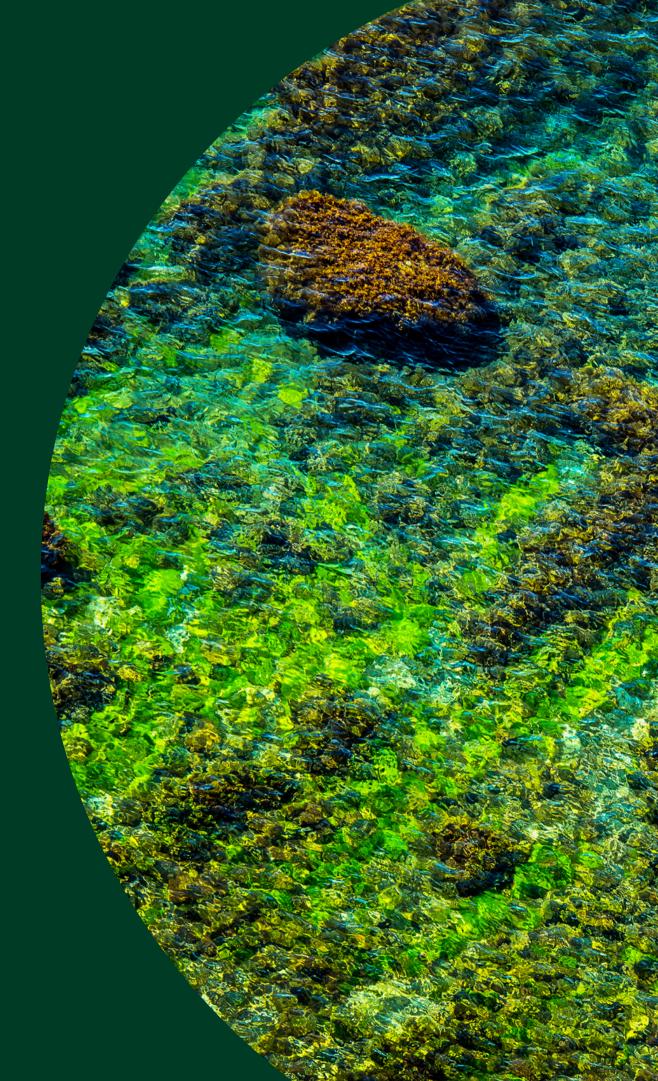
I. Production of materials from renewable sources like soy, combined with other biobased products, can reduce GHG emissions by 90% in seats.

Polypropylene with short glass fibers and recycled polypropylene with glass fibers benefit from sustainable manufacturing and recycling processes, reducing carbon footprint by up to 60%.

3. Recyclable suede surface solutions made from polyester yarn extracted from recycled plastic bottles, finished with recycled wool, reduce water, energy consumption, and emissions in manufacturing.

Nearshoring and Maritime and Air Freight

- 1. Restructuring value chains to shorten them, despite potential premium costs for raw materials, optimizes processes, reduces GHG emissions, and increases resilience.
- 2. Portugal is considered the second most attractive country for nearshoring in the industry.
- 3. Maritime transport is investing in decarbonization technologies, such as biofuels, electrification, energy optimization, and direct emission capture.
- 4. The air transport sector is reducing its footprint by investing in SAF, greater efficiencies, hydrogen, and emission offsets.
- 5. Both maritime and air transport sectors aim to be net zero by 2050.





Key Points and Initiatives

- Periodic quantification of Scope 1, Scope 2, and Scope 3 emissions
- Digitalization and automation of carbon footprint quantification through specific software
- Allocation of emissions to respective products and development of reporting and communication tools
- Development of climate risk assessments
- Implementation of technological solutions to support climate assessments
- Development of mitigation plans for identified risks

Outputs

- Detailed annual GHG emissions monitoring reports
- Continuous and automated GHG emissions monitoring and allocation to products
- Product passports for tracking and direct communication with stakeholders regarding their climate impact
- Climate risk assessment framework
- Digitalization and automation of the climate risk assessment process
- Mitigation plans for climate risks

'Reduções estimadas face a pegada carbonica global do setor

	2030 ¹	2040 ¹	2050 ¹
	-24%	-90%	-90%
	-100%	-100%	-100%
	-20%	-40%	-95%
	-14%	-53%	-98%
n 0E	-23%	-34%	-69%
μ.65	-28%	-100%	-
	-30%	-72%	-80%
	33 694 tCO ₂ eq	235 859 tCO ₂ eq	673 882 tCO ₂ eq
	p.85	-24% -100% -20% -14% -23% -28% -30% 33 694	-24% -90% -100% -100% -20% -40% -14% -53% -23% -34% -28% -100% -30% -72% 33 694 235 859

Monitorização da Pegada Carbónica e Passaporte de Produtos

Avaliação de Riscos Climáticos

Nearshoring e Reformulação das Cadeias Logísticas

Cluster de Reciclagem de Veículos e Baterias

Formação e Sensibilização para as Alterações Climáticas

Estas iniciativas, tendo como grande foco a adaptação e o aumento da resiliência das Organizações aos riscos e impactos climáticos, possuem também um impacto indireto ao nível da redução das emissões do setor, permitindo otimizar os processos de gestão e alavancar os targets e os resultados preconizados no restante Roteiro









